

AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER LAW (NSW)

EXTENSION OF INTERIM BAN ON DECORATIVE ALCOHOL FUELLED BURNERS

I, MATTHEW JOHN KEAN, Minister for Innovation and Better Regulation, pursuant to section 111(2) of the Australian Consumer Law (NSW), extend by a period of 30 days the ban period for the interim ban order on decorative alcohol fuelled burners published on the internet on 21 December 2016, a copy of which is set out in this schedule.

That order applied to the following consumer goods:

Particulars of Consumer Goods

Devices designed for domestic use producing a flame using alcohol as fuel, primarily for decorative purpose, excluding the following:

- those with a power output of more than 4.5 kW
- those that require installation in a fixed position
- those designed for warming food.

Interpretation

Devices designed for domestic use producing a flame using alcohol as fuel, primarily for decorative purpose and are also used for heating and display purposes. The fuel is typically ethanol in liquid or (less commonly) gel form. The most common form is methylated spirits (ethanol and around 10 per cent methanol) which may also be marketed as bio-ethanol or eco-fuel.

This Notice commences with immediate effect on 20 February 2017.

Dated this 16th day of February 2017



The Hon Matthew John Kean MP

Minister for Innovation and Better Regulation

SCHEDULE

AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER LAW (NSW)

IMPOSITION OF INTERIM BAN ON DECORATIVE ALCOHOL FUELLED BURNERS

I, VICTOR MICHAEL DOMINELLO, Minister for Innovation and Better Regulation, pursuant to section 109(1)(b) of the Australian Consumer Law (NSW), impose an interim ban on consumer goods of a kind specified below, because on 20 December 2016 the Minister for Commerce in Western Australia imposed an interim ban on consumer goods of the same kind to commence on 21 December 2016 and that ban is still in force.

The effect of this Notice is to ban the supply of such consumer goods for a period of 60 days from the date of the notice.

Particulars of Consumer Goods

Devices designed for domestic use producing a flame using alcohol as fuel, primarily for decorative purpose, excluding the following:

- those with a power output of more than 4.5 kW
- those that require installation in a fixed position
- those designed for warming food.

Interpretation:

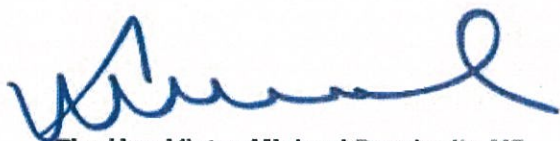
Devices designed for domestic use producing a flame using alcohol as fuel, primarily for decorative purpose and are also used for heating and display purposes. The fuel is typically ethanol in liquid or (less commonly) gel form. The most common form is methylated spirits (ethanol and around 10 per cent methanol) which may also be marketed as bio-ethanol or eco-fuel.

Dated this

21

day of

December 2016



The Hon Victor Michael Dominello MP

Minister for Innovation and Better Regulation